



# Lachancea thermotolerans

# Give back freshness to your wine

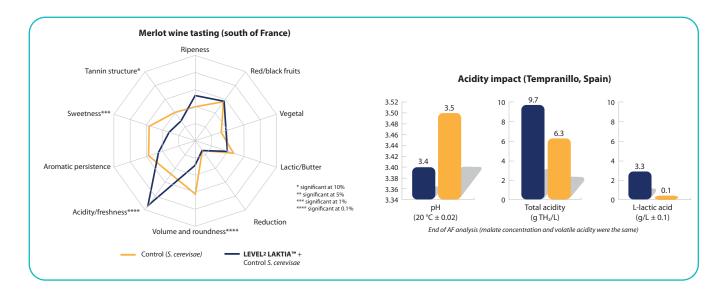
## **DESCRIPTION** •

LEVEL<sup>2</sup> LAKTIA<sup>™</sup> is a pure culture of *Lachancea thermotolerans*, selected from nature by Lallemand Oenology for its unique properties to produce high levels of lactic acid during fermentation and its great impact on sensory profile in final wines. Used in sequential inoculation with most selected *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* yeast, LEVEL<sup>2</sup> LAKTIA<sup>™</sup>, by producing significant level of lactic acid, is a natural tool for blending and/or to re-equilibrate wines, especially those from hot climate.



# BENEFITS & RESULTS

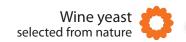
More than freshness and acidity, LEVEL<sup>2</sup> LAKTIA $^{\text{m}}$  also brings aromatic complexity from the beginning of alcoholic fermentation.





One of the objectives of our Lallemand Oenology R&D program is to explore the non-Saccharomyces biodiversity found in nature. Our R&D team continues to select interesting and original non-Saccharomyces yeast and offer them within our LEVEL<sup>2</sup> range. These non-Saccharomyces LEVEL<sup>2</sup> yeast provide winemakers with exciting new aromatic complexities and possibilities.





## PROPERTIES ·

- Pure culture of *Lachancea* thermotolerans
- Lag phase: Moderate
- Alcohol tolerance: <10% v/v</li>
- Optimum fermentation temperature: from 14 to 28°C
- · High nitrogen requirements
- Low production of volatile acidity
- High glycerol production

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR OENOLOGICAL USE

#### TO BE USED IN SEQUENTIAL INOCULATION AS FOLLOW

Red winemaking: At reception  $SO_2$  addition should be  $\leq 4$  g/hL White winemaking: Before inoculation, make sure that free  $SO_2$  level is lower than 15 mg/L.

#### 1st INOCULATION: LEVEL<sup>2</sup> LAKTIA™

Inoculate at 25 g/hL: rehydrate the yeast in 10 times its weight of water at 30 °C. After 15 minutes, stir very gently.

To help the yeast rehydrated acclimate to the cooler juice temperature and avoid cold shock, slowly combine an equal amount of juice with yeast rehydration solution (this step may need to be repeated).

Total rehydration time should not exceed 45 minutes.

#### 2<sup>nd</sup> INOCULATION: Saccharomyces cerevisiae

After 24 hours, proceed to the 2<sup>nd</sup> inoculation of the recommended selected *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* yeast at 25 g/hL with standard *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* yeast rehydration protocol (clean water, 37 °C, 20 to 30 minutes).

It is recommended to use **GO-FERM PROTECT™** or **GO-FERM PROTECT EVOLUTION™** during the rehydration of the *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*.

Note: Delayed inoculation of the Saccharomyces cerevisiae will lead to increased production of lactic acid by LEVEL<sup>2</sup> LAKTIA $^{\text{TM}}$ , and by consequence a higher acidification effect.

#### **Nutrition recommendations:**

- Add organic yeast nutrient just after LEVEL<sup>2</sup> LAKTIA™ inoculation.
- 2. Add organic or complex yeast nutrient at 1/3rd of alcoholic fermentation.

#### MLF management recommendations:

Prefer co-inoculation with selected wine bacteria added at the same time as *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* inoculation.

For a sequential inoculation with selected wine bacteria, if the lactacte level is higher than 3 g/L, make a blend with other wines before inoculation.

For more information please, contact your Lallemand representative.

# PACKAGING AND STORAGE

- Available in 500 g
- Store in a dry place at 4-11°C
- To be used once opened

Distributed by:

### **LALLEMAND AUSTRALIA**

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